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Report Number AuG/19/01

To: Audit and Governance Committee

Date: 30 July 2019 Status: Non executive

Head of service: Amandeep Khroud – Assistant Director –

**Governance, Law and Regulatory Services** 

SUBJECT: APPLICATIONS FOR DISPENSATIONS UNDER THE CODE OF CONDUCT FOR DIRECTORS OF OPORTUNITAS

**SUMMARY:** This report considers the application for dispensations under the code of conduct for councillors to speak and vote by councillors who are also directors of Oportunitas. The recommendation is that the dispensations be granted.

### **REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS:**

The committee is asked to agree the recommendations to enable the dispensation to be granted.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 1 To receive report no AuG/19/01.
- To grant dispensations under the code of conduct and under section 33 Localism Act 2011 to Councillors Rolfe, Connor McConville, Terrance Mullard and Peter Gane to allow them to speak and vote at meetings where company affairs are discussed;
- 3 That the dispensations be time limited to 2 May 2023;
- 4. That in the event of a change of directors the monitoring officer be authorised to consider applications for and grant dispensations to any councillor who becomes a director of Oportunitas on the same terms provided that the councillor concerned is not a member of the cabinet and the dispensation is time limited in the same way.

## 1. BACKROUND

- 1.1 As councillors will be aware the council has established a housing and regeneration company Oportunitas which is wholly owned by the local authority.
- 1.2 The company's current board of directors is composed of four councilors Councillors Patricia Rolfe, Connor McConville, Terry Mullard and Peter Gane. The current board of directors have requested for a dispensation to be granted to them. It should be noted that none of the councillors are members of the cabinet.

## 2. CODE OF CONDUCT

- 2.1 The Council's Code of Conduct is set out in part 9 of the Constitution. It refers to the two types of interests which a member might hold, namely a discloseable pecuniary interest (which derives from the Localism Act 2011) and another significant interest.
- 2.2 One of the categories of discloseable pecuniary interest is a councilor's "employment, office, trade, profession or vocation" which is defined as "Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain." Some directors receive an allowance for their work on the board so those that do will have a discloeable pecuniary interest.
- 2.3 In addition an Other Significant Interest could also arise in respect of directors who are also councillors. Other significant interests include the interest of an "associated person". One of the definitions of "associated person" is a company over which a member has control/management and to which the councillor has been appointed by the council. The relevant definition is:
  - "Any body of which you are in a position of general control or management and to which you have been appointed by the authority."
- 2.4 At a meeting where a discloseable pecuniary interest or an "Other Significant Interest" arises, a member would have to declare it. He / she would be prevented from voting on the matter. A discloseable pecuniary interest prevents a councillor from making any representation at the meeting on the matter, in the case of an other significant interest the member can only make such representations as a member of the public can make.
- 2.5 At any meeting where the business of the company is discussed and any decisions about the company are taken, under the Act and the Code of Conduct, those members who are directors and who sit on the committee, would be barred from discussing fully and/or voting on, the matters. Most decisions about the company will be made at cabinet; therefore the conflict of interest will not arise at these meetings. However, there will be other meetings, such as Council, Overview and Scrutiny etc, where the interest may arise.

#### 3 DISPENSATIONS

- 3.1 The Code of Conduct in respect of other significant interests and section 33 Localism Act 2011 in respect of discloseable pecuniary interests allows dispensations to be granted to members who have an interest to speak and/or vote at meetings at which an interest arises. These powers are delegated to this committee and in certain circumstances to the monitoring officer.
- 3.2 The Code sets out the circumstances which must be taken into account in considering granting a dispensation. In summary, they are:

That, without the dispensation:

- There would not be political balance in the committee
- That there would be too few members of the committee remaining to operate
- Members of the executive (Cabinet) would be preventing from participating in the business of the executive.
- The interests of people living in the district would not be served
- It is otherwise appropriate to grant the dispensation.
- 3.3 The committee at its meeting on 26 September 2012 considered report AuS/12/14 setting out possible criteria for deciding whether dispensations should be granted. The agreed criteria are:
  - a) The nature of the member's interest and allowing them to participate would not damage public confidence in the conduct of the authority's business.
    - If public confidence would be damaged then such an application would be likely to be refused. It is unlikely that it would be appropriate therefore, for example, to grant a dispensation to a member who has an interest arising as a result of an effect on their personal financial position or on that of a relative.
  - b) The interest is common to the member and a significant proportion of the general public.
  - c) The participation of the member in the business that the interest relates to is justified by the member's particular role or expertise.
  - d) The business that the interest relates is about a voluntary organisation or a public body which is to be considered by an overview and scrutiny committee and the member's interest is not a financial one.
  - 3.4 The committee resolved, minute 17

"To adopt the criteria for granting dispensations set out in paragraph 3.4 of the report\* where the application for dispensation is made on any of the following grounds:

- (i) Without the dispensation, the representation of different political groups on the body transacting the business would be so upset as to alter the outcome of any vote on the matter;
- (ii) That the authority considers that the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in its area; or
- (iii) Where the Committee considers that it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation."

- 3.54 The committee is asked to consider the applications. However the monitoring officer is of the opinion that the public confidence is unlikely to be damaged by the participation of the councillor / directors; the company is wholly owned by the council, apart from an allowance (if paid) the directors do not stand to gain financially) and most of the decisions on the company will be made in cabinet which the directors do not sit on. It is the recommendation therefore all of the directors are given a general dispensation under the Code of Conduct and the Act when discussing company matters at any committee of the Council
- 3.6 It is also recommended that the dispensations be time limited to 2 May 2023 which is, in any event the date of the next district election. In the event of a change of directors it is also recommended that the monitoring officer be authorised to consider applications for dispensations from any new director and provided that the new directors are not members of the cabinet to grant them if she sees fit. It is considered that the committee should have the opportunity to consider the position of directors who are members of the cabinet if this situation arises.

#### 4 RISKS/CONTROLS

The risks are that those members who are appointed directors will not be able to fully participate in Council meetings at which company matters are discussed. As the directors are not on cabinet and hence will in all likelihood not be making decisions as local authority members about the company their inability to participate would not be in the best interests of both the Council and the Company. This report therefore seeks to grant a time limited blanket dispensation to those members to allow them to speak and vote at such meetings.

#### 5 LEGAL/FINANCIAL AND OTHER CONTROLS/POLICY MATTERS

## 5.1 Legal officer's comments (NE)

There are no financial implications arising from this report.

## 5.2 Finance officer's comments (CS)

There are no financial implications within this report/recommendation.

# 5.3 Diversities and equalities implications (AK)

There are no specific diversity and equality implications.

<sup>\*</sup>These are the criteria shown above.

# 6. CONTACT OFFICERS AND BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

Councillors with any questions arising out of this report should contact the following officer prior to the meeting:

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